JOURNAL ARTICLE

Can Growth Options Explain the Trend in Idiosyncratic Risk? Get access >

Charles Cao, Timothy Simin, Jing Zhao

The Review of Financial Studies, Volume 21, Issue 6, November 2008, Pages 2599–2633, https://doi.org/10.1093/rfs/hhl039

Published: 25 October 2006

Abstract

While recent studies document increasing idiosyncratic volatility over the past four decades, an explanation for this trend remains elusive. We establish a theoretical link between growth options available to managers and the idiosyncratic risk of equity. Empirically both the level and variance of corporate growth options are significantly related to idiosyncratic volatility. Accounting for growth options eliminates or reverses the trend in aggregate firm–specific risk. These results are robust for different measures of idiosyncratic volatility, different growth option proxies, across exchanges, and through time. Finally, our results suggest that growth options explain the trend in idiosyncratic volatility beyond alternative explanations.

© Oxford University Press 2007

You do not currently have access to this article.

Sign in

Œ

1 Get help with access

Personal account

- Sign in with email/username & password
- Get email alerts
- Save searches
- Purchase content
- Activate your purchase/trial code
- Add your ORCID iD

Sign in >

Register

Institutional access



Sign in through your institution

Sign in through your institution

Sign in with a library card

Sign in with username/password

Recommend to your librarian

Institutional account management

Sign in as administrator

Purchase

Subscription prices and ordering for this journal

Purchasing options for books and journals across Oxford Academic

Short-term Access

To purchase short-term access, please sign in to your personal account above.

Don't already have a personal account? Register

Can Growth Options Explain the Trend in Idiosyncratic Risk? - 24 Hours access

EUR €53.00 GBP £44.00 USD \$58.00

Rental



This article is also available for rental through DeepDyve.