

UCSF		Deposit
UCSF		Manage
Menu 📤		(a)
About eScholarship		
UC Open Access Policies		
Journals		
Dissertations		
UCSF Academic Units		
UCSF Home		
Main Content	Metrics	•••

Abstract

Objectives

To characterize availability of electronic health records (EHRs) at the primary practice locations of certified nurse midwives (CNMs), nurse practitioners (NPs), and physicians in California prior to the implementation of the state's Medicaid EHR incentive program.

Study design and methods

Cross-sectional mail surveys of samples of CNMs, NPs, and physicians who have active California licenses and reside in California. Descriptive statistics were calculated and multivariate regression analyses were estimated to identify characteristics associated with having an EHR. The following practice characteristics were included in the multivariate model: payer mix (% Medicaid), practice setting (hospital vs outpatient), and practice size. Variables for practitioner's age, sex, and practice location were also included.

Results

For both CNMs/NPs and physicians, practice size was the strongest predictor of EHR availability. Practicing in a large or mid-sized group was associated with higher odds of having a basic EHR or an advanced EHR. Having a high percentage of Medicaid patients was associated with lower odds of having an advanced EHR. Among physicians, but not CNMs/NPs, hospital-based practice was associated with higher odds of having an advanced EHR; being over age 45 years was associated with lower odds of having any EHR.

Conclusions

The results suggest that prior to the launch of California's Medicaid EHR incentive program, similar characteristics predicted EHR availability among both CNMs/NPs and physicians, and that availability was concentrated among large practices with fewer Medicaid patients. Future studies should assess whether Medicaid and Medicare incentive payments attenuate these relationships.

Many UC-authored scholarly publications are freely available on this site because of the UC's open access policies. Let us know how this access is important for you.

Jump To

Article

Abstract

Main Content

Metrics

Author & Article Info

Related Items

Relationships of PGRN with sTREM2 in AD continuum and non-AD pathophysiology and their reciprocal roles in modulating amyloid pathology: two population-based study.

Huang, Liang-Yu; Tan, Chen-Chen; Xu, Wei; Tan, Lan

Changes in Glucagon-Like Peptide-1 Receptor Agonist (GLP-1 RA) Exposures Following Recent Demand for Weight Management: A Retrospective Review of California Poison Control System Data

Ho, Raymond Y; Regelman, Hsiaoting; Ma, Anita; Lee, Shu Yi; Sandhu, Saveena; Shapiro, Sarah; Lewis, Justin;

Establishing a Standardized Fellowship Curriculum for Advanced Minimally Invasive Spine Interventions: A Multidisciplinary Approach to Training and Competency

Patterson, Denis; Cheng, Joseph; Dorsi, Michael; Lee, David; Lee, Eric; Lee, Jennifer; Naidu, Ramana; ...

Perceptions of pharmacist-furnished nicotine replacement therapy among participants who smoke in California

Schneider, Sara; Durazo, Arturo; Rodriguez, Sarina; Chan-Golston, Alec M; Wakefield, Tanner; ...

Association between self-reported multimorbidity and longitudinal brain Aβ deposition in Alzheimers disease. Bu, Xian-Le; Zhu, Wei; Wang, Qing-Hua; Liu, Zhuo-Ting; Bao, Yun-Yu; Bai, Yu-Di; Li, Jiang-Hui; Liu, Zhi-Hao; ...

Top

Home Privacy Statement

About eScholarship Site Policies

Campus Sites Terms of Use

UC Open Access Policy Admin Login

eScholarship Publishing Help

Accessibility

Powered by the California Digital Library Copyright © 2017 The Regents of the University of California