

EBITDA/EBIT and cash flow based ICRs: A comparative approach in the agro-food system in Italy

V O L . 3 , N O . 2 (2 0 1 2)

[Mattia Iotti](#) | [Giuseppe Bonazzi](#)

<https://doi.org/10.5817/FAI2012-2-2>

PDF

- Abstract
- References
- Metrics

The interest coverage ratios (ICRs) are used to quantify the ability of firms to pay financial debts; ICRs are then considered by banks such as covenants in the financing term sheet, and are used by researchers and the rating agencies to estimate the probability of default of firms. Typically, ICRs calculation is based on profit margins, such as EBITDA and EBIT; EBITDA and EBIT approximate, but do not directly express, cash flows available to pay financial debts. The article aims to evaluate whether there are significant differences in results using ICRs based on EBITDA or EBIT and ICRs based on different definitions of cash flow (CF). The application is made to a sample of firms characterized by high absorption of capital operating in the Italian agro-food sector. The article highlights that there are statistically significant differences using ICRs EBITDA and EBIT based and ICRs based on different CF definitions.

Keywords:
EBITDA / EBIT based interest coverage ratios; Ital ian agro-food firms; debt repayment; operating cash flow



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License](#).
Copyright © 2017 Financial Assets and Investing

Financial Assets and Investing
Financial Assets and Investing
Department of Finance
Faculty of Economics and Administration
Masaryk University
Lipová 41
602 00 Brno
Czech Republic

Email: fai@econ.muni.cz
ISSN: 1804-5081 , E-ISSN: 1804-509X

Home
Archive
For authors
About the Journal

Editorial Team
Privacy Statement
Contact