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Relation of early career performance and recognition to the probability of winning the Nobel Prize in economics

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Prize, the award of which is also correlated with early career performance success as measured by number of publications and citations.

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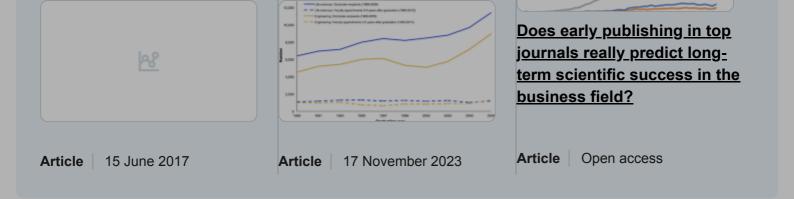
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Notes

1. In their recent history of the NPE, Mixon and Upadhyaya (2014) point out that NPE winners are selected from lists nominated by "qualified nominators", a group that includes members of the Swedish Academy, past NPE winners, NPE committee members, various "permanent professors" from Scandinavian

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- 5. Cole and Cole (1967) find, from their examination of 120 university physicists, that the quality of one's academic output holds greater significance in the receipt of awards than the quantity of that output.
- 6. In their examination of a sample of 83 eminent chemists, Ashton and Oppenheim (1978) find that although receipt of the Nobel Prize is positively correlated with citation counts, it is more strongly correlated with the number of papers one has co-authored wherein the senior author's name is not the first in the list of authors.
- 7. For more information on the JBCM, see Mixon and Upadhyaya (2014) and Faria et al. (2016).

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- 12. For more on this approach, see Lindsey (1980), Long and McGinnis (1982), and Hollis (2001).
- 13. With the exception of the Soviet mathematician and economist Leonid Kantorovich (1975 Nobel Prize).
- 14. The biennial Yrjö Jahnsson Award was established in 1993 for a European economist under 45 (see https://www.eeassoc.org/index.php?
 site=&page=25&trsz=23). The Frisch Medal was first awarded in 1978
 https://www.econometricsociety.org/society/awards). The AEA Distinguished Fellow was first awarded in 1965, but we also include Foreign Honorary Members, first awarded in 1976. The first FES was elected in 1933, and the first lectures in the Richard T. Ely and Yrjö Jahnsson series were given in

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list of journals, this process is limited; for example, Nobel Laureate Elinor Ostrom (2009 winner) is excluded for not publishing in any of the 23 journals (*Journal of Economic Perspectives* in 1993) until the age of 60 because of her strong focus in political science and her tendency to communicate her influential insights via books (see, e.g., *Governing the Commons or Rules, Games, and Common-Pool Resources*).

- 19. The mean and median age of PhD completion equals to 29.
- 20. The sample size and pseudo R^2 for each model are given in "Appendix Fig. 4".
- 21. The *zeitgeist* can affect the number of potential candidates, which affects the

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Appendix

See Tables 3 and 4 and Fig. 4.

Table 3 List of journals

Table 4 JBCM winners and synthetic control group (SCG)

Fig. 4

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