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Financial Market Efficiency Should be Gauged in Relative Rather than Absolute Terms

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Abstract

Economists assess the efficiency of financial markets in absolute, all-or-nothing terms. However, this is at odds with a nononsense physics approach. Here, I describe how the relative efficiency of markets can be gauged taking advantage of algorithmic complexity theory. This is not physics-envy because the approach is superior in considering the proper randomness present in complex financial markets.

Item Type: MPRA Paper Original Financial Market Efficiency Should be Gauged in Relative Rather than Absolute Terms Title: Language: English Keywords: Algorithmic complexity theory; Efficient market hypothesis; Financial market efficiency; Relative market efficiency; Mild type I randomness; Wild type I I randomness; Wild type I randomnes; Wild type I randomne
 Subjects:
 G - Financial Economics > G0 - General > G00 - General

 G - Financial Economics > G1 - General Financial Markets > G14 - Information and Market Efficiency : Event Studies ; Insider Trading
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