



## Your Privacy

To give you the best possible experience we use cookies and similar technologies. We use data collected through these technologies for various purposes, including to enhance website functionality, remember your preferences, show the most relevant content, and show the most useful ads. You can select your preferences by clicking the link. For more information, please review our [Privacy & Cookie Notice](#)

Reject All Cookies

Accept All Cookies

[Manage Cookie Preferences](#)

You are prohibited from  
website into external  
using artificial intellig  
learning, machine lea

You have access | Jour

**MP78-18 THE  
OPEN RADIC  
THEIR FAMIL**

[Will Lowrance](#), [Coral Swartz](#), [James Eastham](#), and [Elena Elkin](#)  
[View All Author Information](#)

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.juro.2014.02.2501>

| 1 Apr 2014

**IC AND  
NTS AND**

## INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

Robotic-assisted laparoscopic prostatectomy (RALP) and open radical prostatectomy (ORP) have similar clinical and functional outcomes. RALP is more expensive than ORP, but it is not clear whether subsequent postoperative costs vary. We assessed the economic impact of RALP and ORP on patients and their families in the year following surgery.

## METHODS

We recruited ORP and RALP patients planning surgery for stage T1-T2 prostate cancer at an academic cancer center. Economic impact questionnaires were completed at 3, 6, and 12 months after surgery. The self-administered survey included items regarding the use and cost of health services and supplies, health insurance coverage and employment, and changes in the patient's and his family's finances since prostate cancer surgery.

## RESULTS

their families, and appears to have an