VIEWPOINT | MAY 04 2012

Insider dealing: fraud in Islam? 😾

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Journal of Financial Crime (2012) 19 (2): 140-148.

https://doi.org/10.1108/13590791211220412

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this paper is to examine whether insider dealing is fraud from the perspective of Islam.

# Design/methodology/approach

The paper uses analogy (*qiyas*) of the injunctions in the Qur'an and Sunnah and critical analysis of literature on Islam.

#### **Findings**

The paper finds that insider dealing is fraud (taghrir) in Islam and the defrauded party has the option to rescind the transaction for fraud (khiyar al-tadlis) as well as for latent defect (khiyar al-'aib).

### Practical implications

The paper is practical as a source of reference in legislating laws relating to insider dealing particularly where *Shari'ah* is the principal source of law.

## Originality/value

The paper presents a novel attempt in establishing that insider dealing is fraud from the perspective of Islam.

Keywords: <u>Crimes</u>, <u>Finance</u>, <u>Fraud</u>, <u>Insider dealing</u>, <u>Insider trading</u>, <u>Islam</u>

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