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Original Articles

The liquidity effects of revisions to the CAC40 stock index

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Abstract

This article explores liquidity effects following CAC40 index revisions over the time period 1997 to 2001. We find evidence of a sustained increase (decrease) in the liquidity of the added (deleted) stocks. Furthermore, the improvement (reduction) in the liquidity of the stocks is due to a decrease (increase) in the direct cost of trading as opposed to a reduction (enhancement) in the asymmetric information cost of transacting. The empirical findings support the information cost-liquidity explanation.

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Notes

² We could also include the number of analysts as an additional explanatory variable in Equation [1](#). This variable has not been included in Equation [1](#) because analysts' forecasts are only available on a monthly frequency, whereas all other explanatory variables are available on a daily basis. The small number of observations on the number of analysts' forecasts may result in large jumps in the data causing inaccurate results for this variable.

⁴ The serial correlation test on the GMM is undertaken on the first difference of the residuals due to the transformations involved.

⁶ It can be argued that all the endogenous variables displayed in Equation [1](#) are jointly determined. If this was the case, we should have estimated the panel in the context of the GMM system estimator established in Blundell and Bond ([1998](#)). For robustness, we estimated Equation [1](#) using a GMM system. The results given in [Table 2](#) remain

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use of the Huang and Stoll ([1997](#)) spread decomposition model. The results do not change and are available upon request. One possible limitation of this study is that there are various other spread decomposition models that were not considered such as the Glosten and Harris ([1988](#)), George et al. ([1991](#)) and the Lin et al. ([1995](#)) model. However, as pointed out by Van Ness et al. ([2001](#)), all spread decomposition models yield very similar results.

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