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# International trade and financial integration: a weighted network analysis

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## Abstract

The authors analyse patterns of international trade and financial integration using complex network analysis. The combination of both binary and weighted approaches delivers

properties of the ITN in core-periphery markets of countries tightly integrated in a crisis have only in a

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# Notes

- ⊥ Examples of classical studies in the field include Rapoport and Horvath ([1961](#)), Milgram ([1967](#)), Granovetter ([1974](#)), and Padgett and Ansell ([1993](#)).
- † We refer the reader to Fagiolo et al. ([2009](#)) for more formal definitions of network concepts.
- ‡ Among the weighted clustering coefficients reviewed in Saramaki et al. ([2007](#)), the one used here is the only one that takes into account the weights of all three edges in any triangle (while disregarding weights not participating in any triangle), and that is invariant to permutations of edge weights (which allows one not to discriminate single nodes but rather to consider cliques or triads as one single entity).
- ‡ Then, while we expect the IFN to be on average less clustered for the reasons seen above, it is not clear that the IFN is less clustered than the IFN of the financial system. This is still an open question.
- § It is worth noting that the IFN is still a very young field. It occurs only when 'as a result of their own initiative of their own free will' pursue a course of action.
- ¶ At the time of writing, the IFN is not available. The list of countries is still under review.
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†In the b [redacted] density but re-shuffled links. In the weighted case, we keep the binary structure constant and we re-

shuffle link weights. The comparison between the observed correlations and those computed for the random networks is similar for both the binary and the weighted networks. In the latter case, however, differences are significant only at a level of 7–15%.

‡In the international trade literature, a large body of evidence have investigated the role of distance in the context of so-called gravity models (see for instance Brun et al. [2005](#)). Recently, this methodology has been applied to financial data as well: Portes and Rey ([2005](#)) suggest that distance proxies some information costs. Furthermore, Hau ([2001](#)) postulates that informational asymmetries in financial markets may depend on investor location.

†This point is confirmed by a comparison of the binary results with a ‘threshold analysis’. As before, we have set a minimum value for each link weight, so as to retain only 80% of all trade links and then computed binary indicators (as proposed in Kali and Reyes [2007](#)). In the case of the correlation between node degree and clustering, results from this ‘threshold-based’ analysis not only confirm the negative sign, but the coefficient is much more negative, ranging between  $-0.88$  and  $-0.86$ , thus conveying a picture substantially different from the one obtained through the weighted approach.

‡The same results are obtained once we substitute this relative criterion with an absolute one and attribute core status to those countries displaying values of centrality above the mean plus one standard deviation.

†The full set of results on different asset classes is available from the authors upon request.

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