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Editorial

The hepatitis C virus NS5A inhibitor daclatasvir has a dual mode of action and leads to a new virus half-life estimate

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The hepatitis C virus NS5A inhibitor daclatasvir has a dual mode of action and leads to a new virus half-life estimate

lion people worldwide [1] and is the lead-

weekly injections of pegylated-interferon

(peg-IFN)-α and daily oral ribavirin

(RBV), but viral eradication was achieved

in less than 50% in treatment-naive HCV

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genotype in western world [3]. tease inhibitors (PIs), telaprevir (TVR) peg-IFN/RBV, the landscape of anti-HCV of direct antiviral agents targeting different

Alan S Perelson clinical development, holding the promise that a universal cure can be achieved. oretical Biology and Although results from clinical trials, often Biophysics, Los Alamos Nationa obtained in small populations of highly selected patients, should be taken with caution, short, tolerable, pan-genotype and IFN-free regimens appear to be attainable within the next couple of years.



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has been an increasing appeal from the industry and academics to use viral kinetic mathematical modeling to anticipate, ral effectiveness of interferon, as well as to evaluate and rationalize the effectiveness of these new antiviral strategies [4]. This is half-life of 2.7 h [7]. Importantly, if HCV particularly true in the case of agents that target proteins with complex or ill-defined

Chronic infection with hepatitis C virus functions, such as the HCV nonstructural (HCV) affects approximately 160 mil- protein 5A. In a recent paper published in Proceedings of the National Academy ing cause of cirrhosis, liver cancer and of Sciences [5], we employed mathematiliver transplantation [2]. Until 2011, the cal modeling to decipher the origin of standard of care in the western world was the very rapid viral decline observed in the first hours following initiation of daclatasvir (DCV), a first-in-class NS5A inhibitor, where one dose of DCV led to a 1000-fold decrease in viral levels within genotype 1 patients, the most prevalent approximately 12 h [6].

"We employed mathematical modeling to decipher the origin of

the very rapid viral decline observed in the first hours following

initiation of daclatasvir, a first-in-class NS5A inhibitor, where one

dose of daclatasvir led to a 1000-fold decrease in viral levels within approximately 12 h."

Since the approval in 2011 of two pro- Hepatitis C viral dynamics, virion half-life & drug antiviral and boceprevir, in combination with effectiveness

One of the most important results of viral therapy has been rapidly changing. Dozens kinetic modeling was to introduce the idea that viral load level observed in a patient stages of the viral lifecycle are currently in reflects the balance between the antagonist processes of production and clearance of the virus. By blocking viral production from infected cells, the initiation of antiviral treatment disrupts this equilibrium and the clearance of the virus is no longer efficiently compensated. Thus, the rate of viral decline observed early after treatment initiation can be used to calculate the virus half-life. This In this highly dynamical context, there basic idea was used by Neumann et al. to fit the viral decline observed during interferon therapy and to estimate the antiviobtain the original estimate of the HCV is rapidly eliminated from the circulation, it implies that large quantities of the virus

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