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Alterations in the financial markets of the Baltic countries and Russia in the period of economic downturn

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Abstract

The present article analyses the alternations in the causality in the financial markets during the 2008–2009 financial crisis with a clear focus on the changes and developments in the financial markets of the Baltic States and Russia in the period starting from 2008. The authors have advanced a hypothesis that the research methods of trends of an abrupt plunge and subsequent stabilisation of equity prices that were clearly discernable during the 1987 crisis are also pointfull for the current financial crisis. The present research was conducted on the basis of the following assumptions: both crises affected financial markets of several nations; a characteristic feature for the inception of the crises is an abrupt fall in equity prices; indications of stabilisation in financial markets become observable before financial experts conclude

the end of the financial crisis. To confirm the hypothesis on the similarities of the general trends during the two major international financial crisis, the authors employed empiric tests developed on the basis of Granger causality tests. Based on the precedent survey of the financial crisis of 1987 (Malliaris and Urrutia 1992), the authors of the present article chose to use the Granger causality testing methodology. To be able to apply the Granger causality test first it was necessary to verify the degree of cointegration of the indices of the main equity markets in each of the country (OMX Vilnius, OMX Riga, OMX Tallinn, RTS). For that purpose the authors used the Dickey-Fuller and Johansen testing methodology. Both methodologies demonstrated a strong cointegration between the changes in the indices of all equity markets irrespective of the period analysed (i.e., pre-crisis, during the crisis, post-crisis). In all cases the T-statistics exceeded the critical value. The strongest cointegration was observable in the crisis period, and the weakest – after the crisis. The results showed that in view of the financial crisis the Latvian market showed the greatest degree of slow-down despite it being most active in the pre-crisis times, likewise, Estonian market also showed a somewhat higher degree of passiveness. Thus, it was the Latvian and Estonian markets that the financial downturn had the most painful impacts upon. While the Lithuanian and the Russian markets were, on the contrary, much more active and therefore outlived the equity crash period with least painful after-effects, thus producing confirmation that in the face of a crisis the interests and expectations of most investors are largely related to major markets normally viewed as more reliable and showing a higher degree of resilience.

Santrauka

Straipsnyje analizuojami finansu rinku priežastingumo pokyčiai 2008–2009 m. finansines krizes laikotarpiu. Pagrindinis demesys sutelkiamas i Baltijos šaliu – Lietuvos, Latvijos ir Estijos – bei Rusijos akciju rinku pokyčius nuo 2008 m. Autoriai iškelia hipoteze, kad finansu rinkose staigaus akciju kainu kritimo ir ju stabilizavimosi tendencijos, kurios išryškėjo nuo 1987 m. prasidedusios krizes, būdingos dabartinei finansinei krizei. Tyrimo metu daromos prielaidos: abi krizes apima daugelio valstybiu finansu rinkas; kriziu pradžiai būdingas staigus akciju kainu kritimas; finansu rinku stabilizavimosi požymiai pastebimi anksčiau, nei ekspertai konstatuoja krizes pabaiga. Dvieju tarptautiniu finansu rinku kriziu bendruju tendenciju panašumo hipotezei patvirtinti naudoti empiriniai testai, parengti remiantis Granger priežastiniais testais: Granger priežastiniai testai ir kointegracijos testai. Nustatyta, kad finansines krizes metu Latvijos rinkas tapo pasyviausia, nors iki prasidedant krizei buvo pati aktyviausia,

pasyvesne tapo ir Estijos rinka. Taigi finansinis nuosmukis skaudžiausiai paveikė Latvijos ir Estijos finansu rinkas. Lietuvos ir Rusijos rinkos krizes metu tapo pačios aktyviausios ir lengviausiai išgyveno akciju kainu kritimo perioda, tuo patvirtindamos, kad krizes metu daugelio investuotoju interesai ir lūkesčiai paprastai siejami su didesnėmis rinkomis, kurios laikomos patikimesnėmis ir turinčiomis galimybe greičiau atsigausti.

Keywords:

financial markets financial crisis Granger causality test empiric test general trends

Reikšminiai žodžiai:

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